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# Future Ambitions

LTA Development Meeting

2026-07-01

**ASTRON**

Netherlands Institute for Radio Astronomy



- Maximise the **scientific productivity** of LOFAR as an instrument
- Maximise the **scientific productivity** of the community as a whole
- Maximise the **accessibility** of LOFAR data to the widest possible audience
- Minimize the **environmental & financial impact** of our activities

*Our long-term aim (we aren't there yet)...*

**A “central hub” for access to and analysis of LOFAR data**



Providing “advanced” data products together with the tools needed to analyse and understand them in a single, coherent, well structured location

# CAPABILITIES



Proposal  
Management



Archiving  
& Curation



Scientific  
Pipelines



Data  
Services



Managed  
Processing



Discovery  
& Access



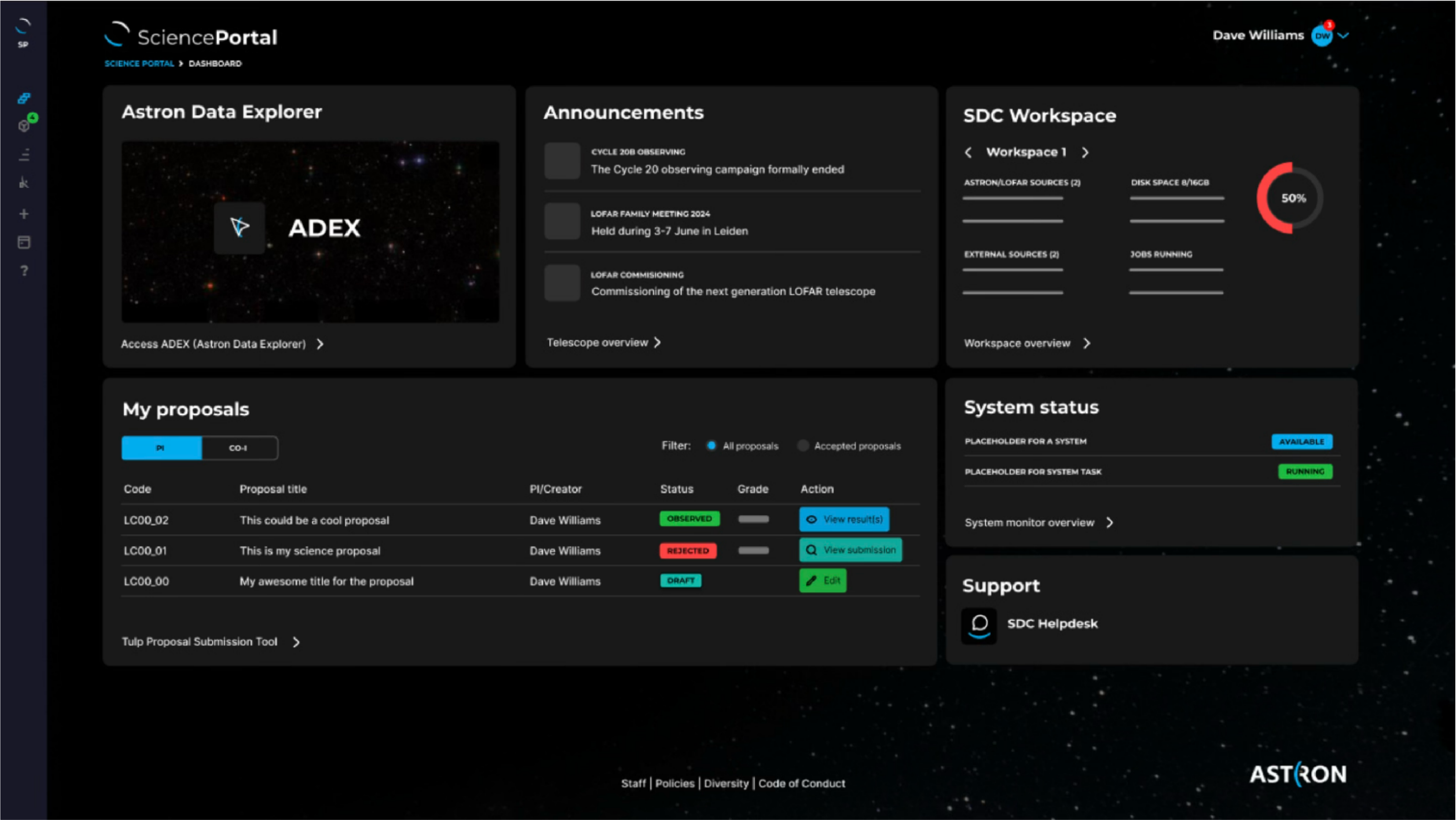
Interactive  
Data Analysis



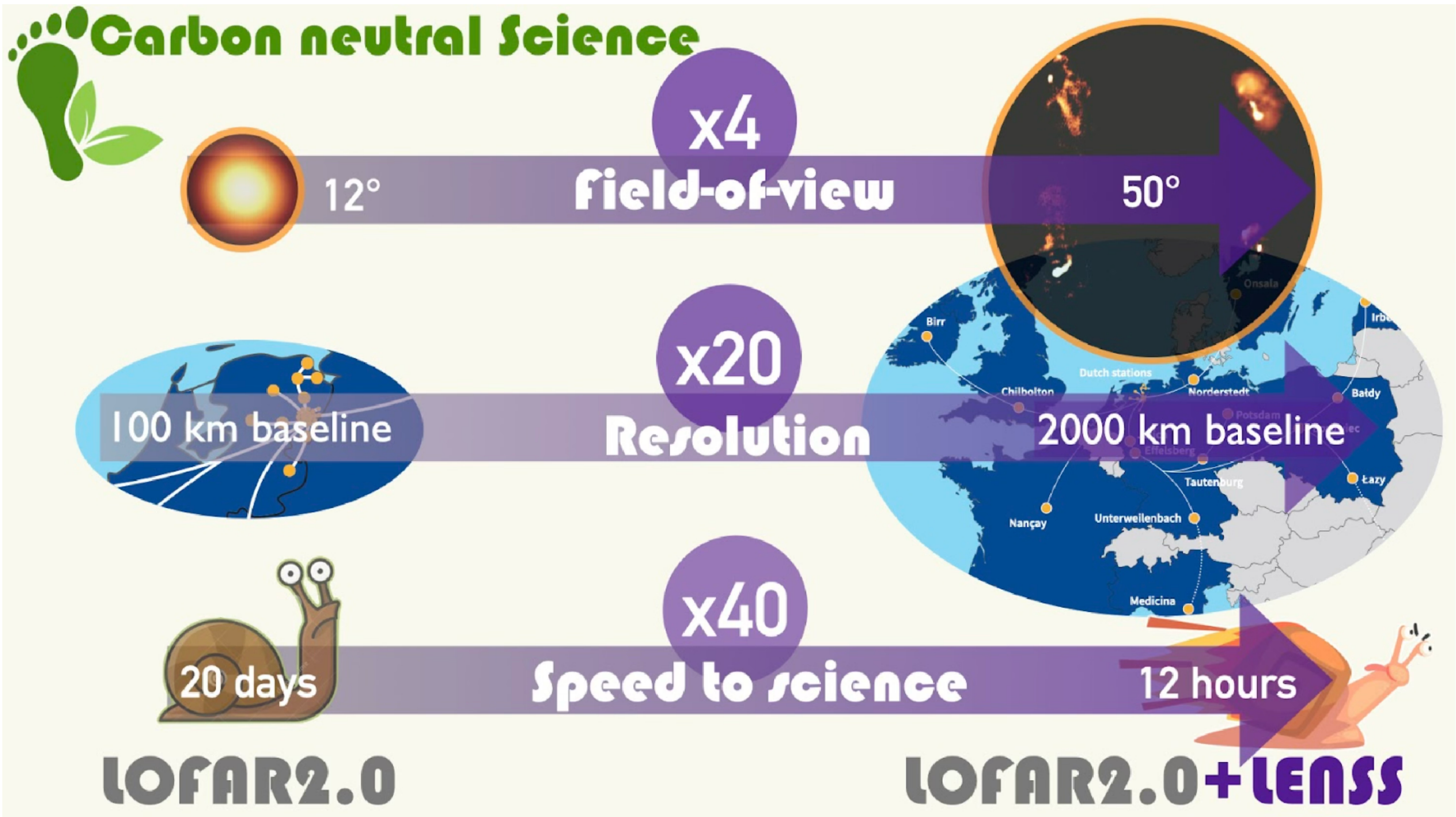
User Pipeline  
Execution

COMING LATER

COMING LATER



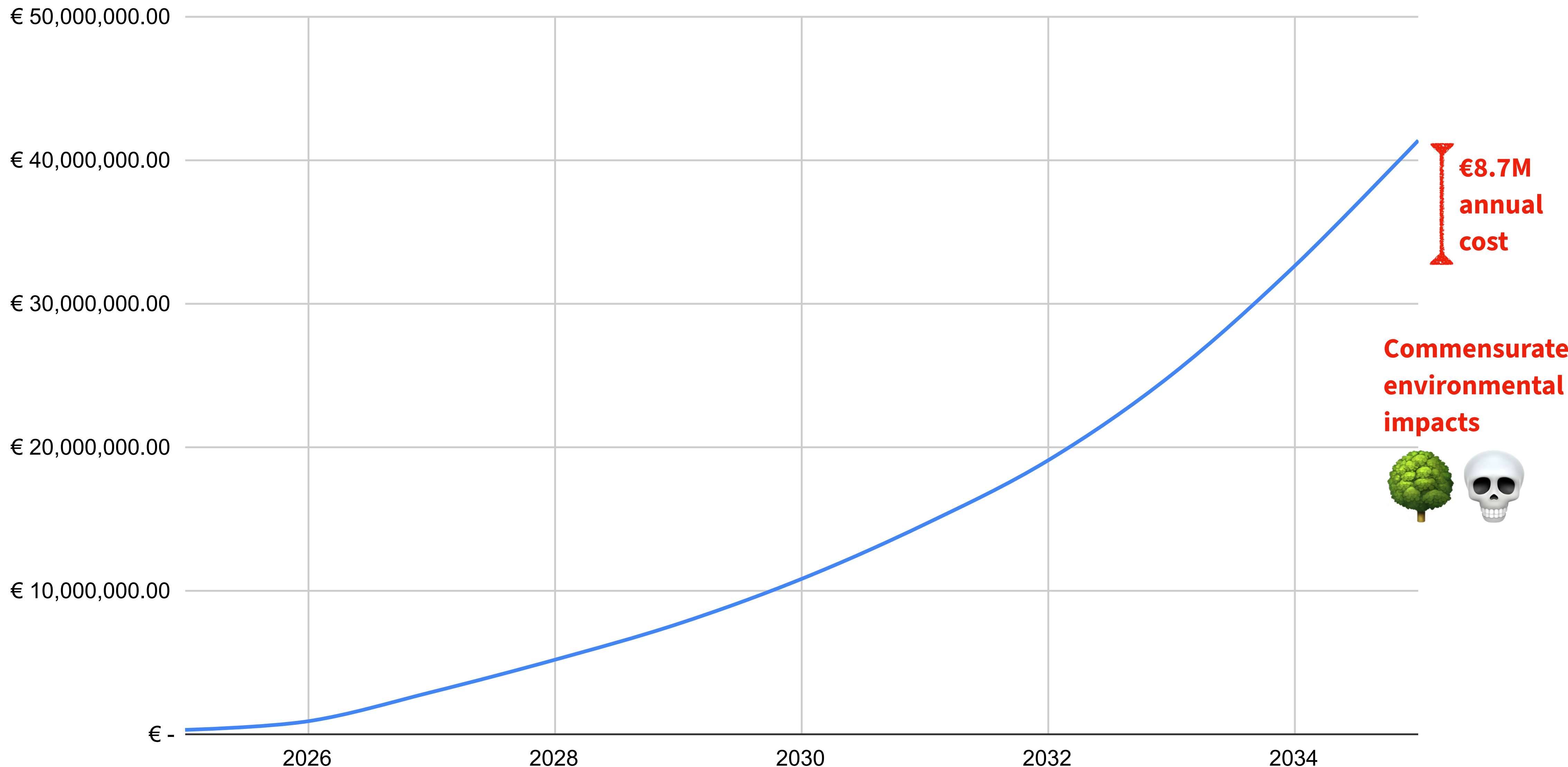
(Concept)



MONEY



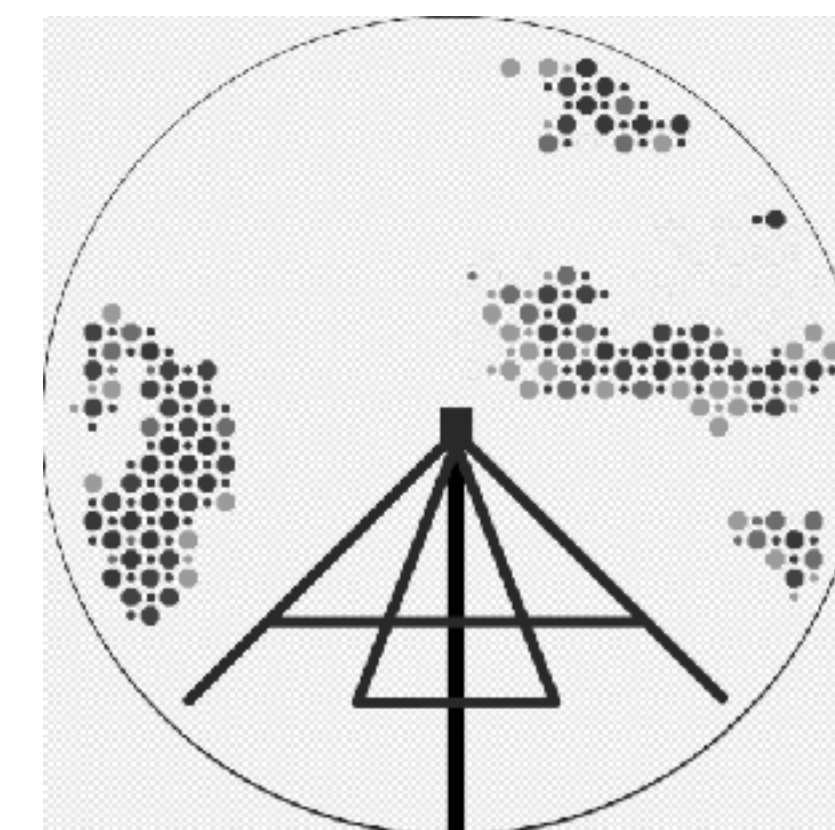
# Cumulative Processing & Storage Cost, LOFAR-NL and NLSRC



**NB** not attempting to model the impact of AI on hardware prices

- If half my data lands in Jülich and half in Poznań, but I need to analyze it together, I have a problem.
- If I need to combine PB-scale LOFAR datasets with EB-scale SKA datasets, I have a *real* problem.
- If I need to combine LOFAR, SKA, ALMA, Rubin, E-ELT, Chandra, NewAthena...
- ...even if all those projects have functional archives of their own, the bandwidth constraints are overwhelming.





**NenuFAR**



CONVERGENCE?

**SRC | Net**  
SKAO Regional Centre Network

# Claude Science

Beta

← Cross-species Samosa ▾

+ New

Customize

Files

Today

- Samosa Manuscript
- Samosa Editorial Review
- Samosa Model Training
- Samosa Benchmarking

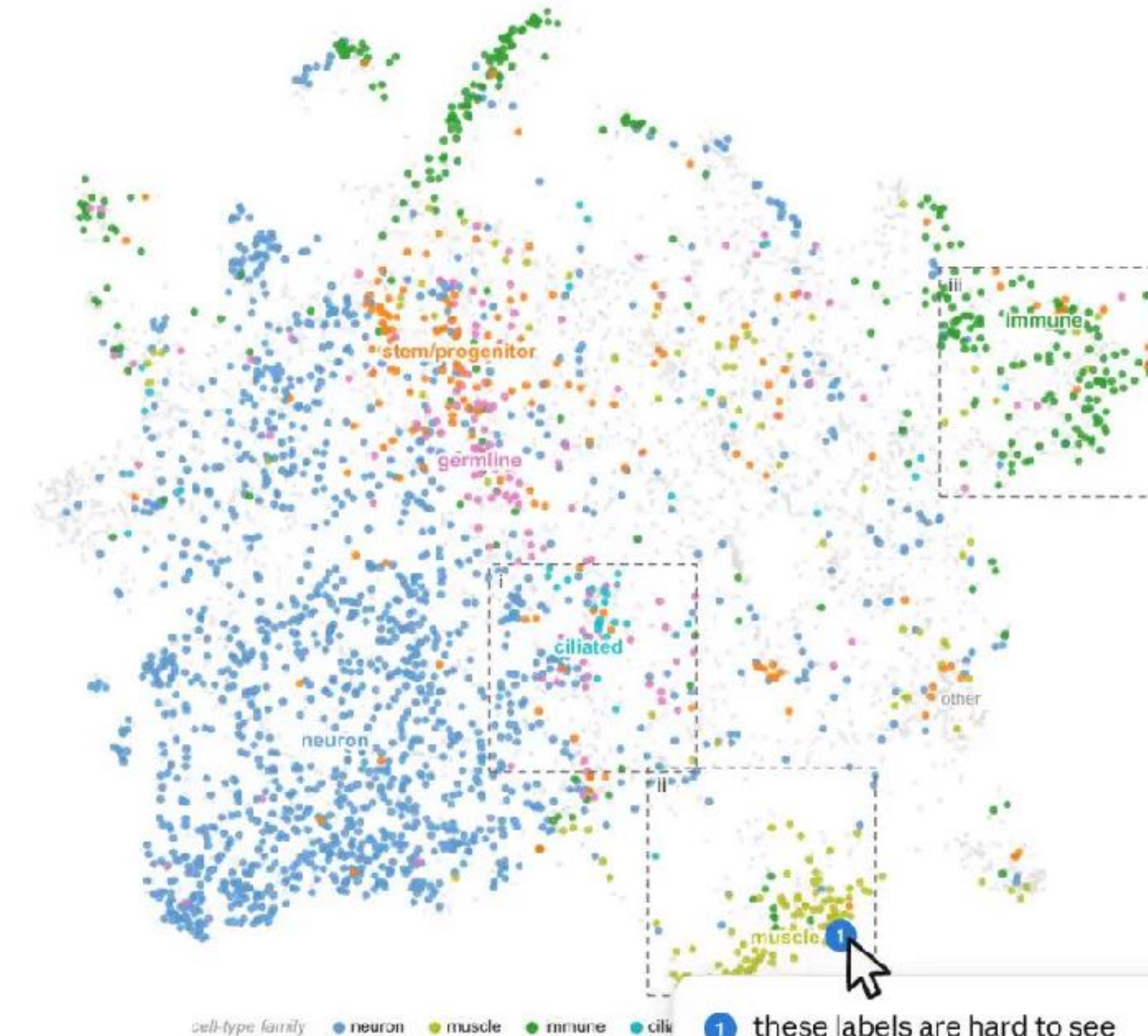


samosa\_fig1a.png

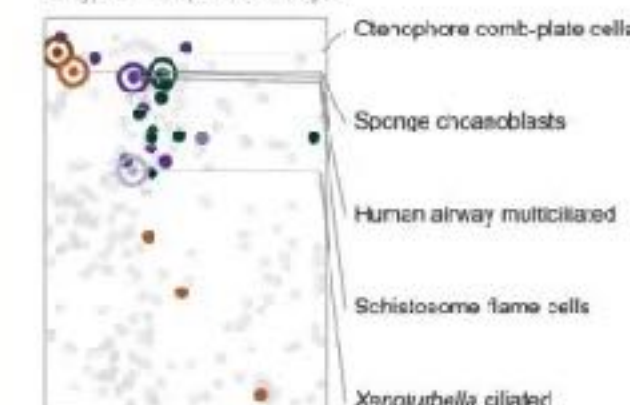
samosa\_fig1a.png

a

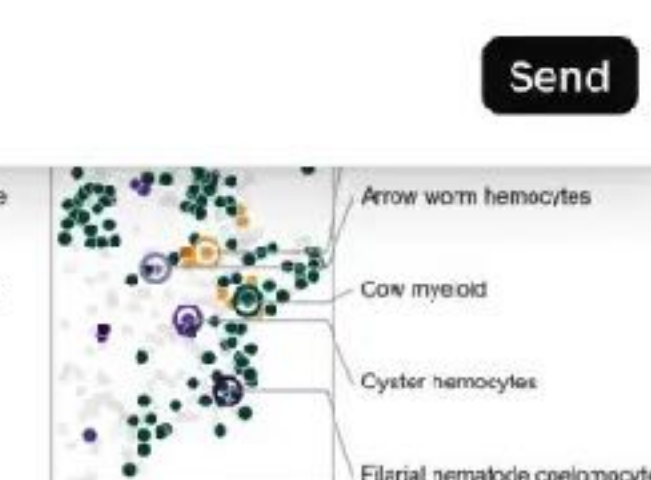
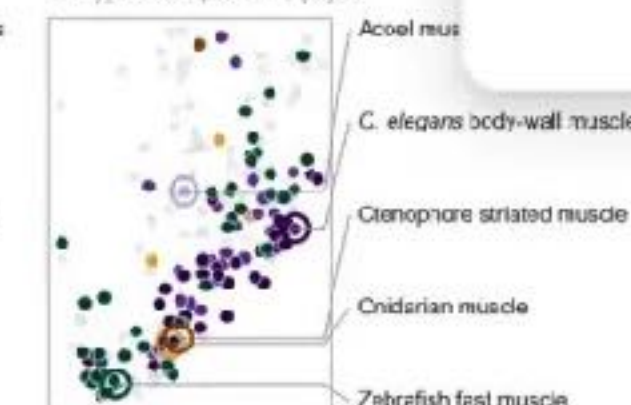
138 species · 5,672 cell types · one shared embedding



i ciliated cells  
27 types · 18 species · 3 phyla



ii striated muscle  
116 types · 40 species · 7 phyla



1 these labels are hard to see

Send

samosa\_fig1a.png < v2 >

Code

Execution Log

Messages

Environment

Review ✓

Download script

Inputs

fig4\_atlas\_callouts.csv

fig4\_atlas\_centroids\_m138ea.csv

```
54
55 apply_nature_style()
56 mpl.rcParams['savefig.bbox'] = None
57 mpl.rcParams['font.sans-serif'] = ['Arial']
58 mpl.rcParams['font.family'] = 'sans-serif'
59
60 centroids = pd.read_csv(" fig4_atlas_centroids_m138ea.csv ")
61 boxes_df = pd.read_csv(" fig4_atlas_inset_boxes.csv ")
62 callouts = pd.read_csv(" fig4_atlas_callouts.csv ")
63
64 HERO = {"neuron": "#5b9bd5", "muscle": "#bcbd22", "immune": "#2ca02c",
65         "ciliated": "#17becf", "germline": "#e377c2", "stem/progenitor": "#e377c2"}
66 PHYL_PAL2 = {"Ctenophora": "#7f3b08", "Porifera": "#b15928", "Placentalia": "#b15928",
67              "Xenacoelomorpha": "#b2abd2", "Chaetognatha": "#8073ae", "Ambulacraria": "#35978f", "Cephalochordata": "#4ac015"}
68 TAG_ROMAN = {"a": "i", "b": "ii", "c": "iii"}
69 INSET_NAMES = {"a": "ciliated cells", "b": "striated muscle", "c": "immune cells"}
70 ITALIC_SPLIT = {"Xenoturbella ciliated": ("Xenoturbella", " ciliated"),
71                "C. elegans body-wall muscle": ("C. elegans", " body-wall muscle")}
72 TAG_COL = "#2B2B2B"
73 halo = [pe.withStroke(linewidth=2.2, foreground='white')]
74 halo_thin = [pe.withStroke(linewidth=2.0, foreground='white')]
75
76
77 inset_info = {}
78 for _, row in boxes_df.iterrows():
79     tag = row.tag; fam = row.family; x0, y0, w, h = row.x0, row.y0, row.w, row.h
80     inbox = centroids[(centroids.umap_x >= x0) & (centroids.umap_x <= x0 + w)]
81     target = inbox[inbox.family == fam]
82     tx0, tx1 = target.umap_x.min(), target.umap_x.max(); ty0, ty1 = target.umap_y.min(), target.umap_y.max()
83     mx, my = 0.05 * (tx1 - tx0), 0.05 * (ty1 - ty0)
84     inset_info[tag] = dict(fam=fam, xlim=(tx0 - mx, tx1 + mx), ylim=(ty0 - my, ty1 + my),
85                           n_types=row.n_types, n_species=row.n_species)
```

# New Approaches

- Can you use a machine learning model to go from observation to paper without imaging?
- Can you build an AI system that automatically identifies high-value observations and deletes the rest?
- Can you provide every astronomer with a fleet of agentic “assistants” who help them with the grunt work?
- Will quantum/neuromorphic/photonics/... save the day?

# SPECTRUM



- Horizon Europe
- Start: 2024
- Finish: June 2026
- €145k towards staffing at ASTRON
- SURF & FZJ were also partners

SPECTRUM is coordinated by EGI and has nine participating organizations.

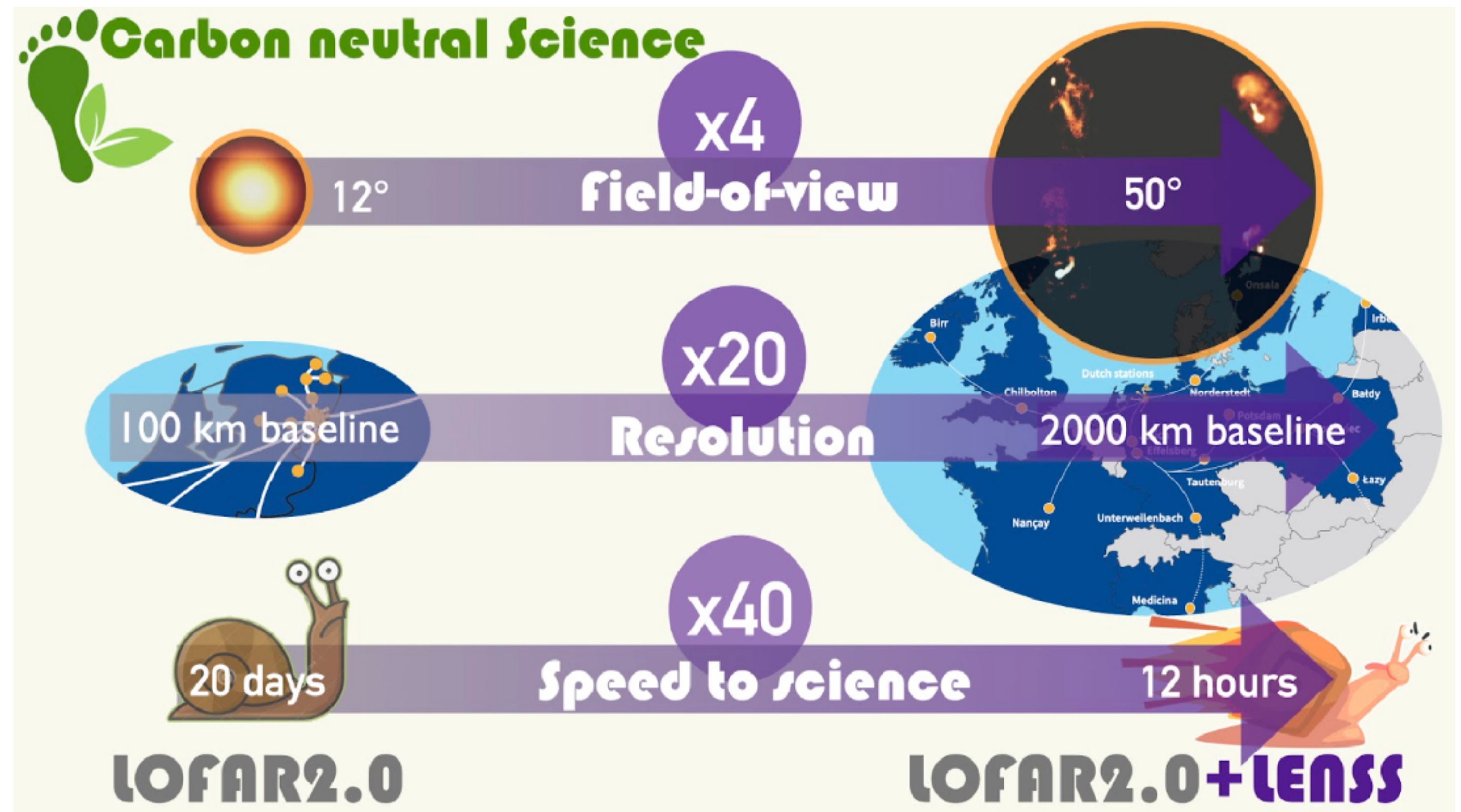
Developed a “technical blueprint” and “strategic research and development agenda” for a “European Data and Compute Continuum” designed to meet the future needs of particle physics and radio astronomy. This is expected to inform future EC funding calls.

The project does not directly fund development work.

# LENS



- NWO Research Infrastructure
- Start: 2025
- Finish: 2030
- ~€2.5M towards “data centre & pipelines” staffing (plus more elsewhere)



# SYNAPSE



- NWO Vernieuwingsfonds
- Start: 2026
- Finish: 2027
- €1M towards staffing at ASTRON

SYNAPSE is specifically targeted towards the convergence of SKA Science Data Processor and LOFAR data processing..

It supports the development of:

- A joint framework for data processing between LOFAR and SKA;
- Adaption of a couple of existing pipelines to that framework;
- Improvements to our execution environment to support the new framework.

In practice, this funds our involvement in the RADIO collaboration and our collaboration with SURF.

# LoFAIR



- Open Science NL Infrastructure funds
- Start: 2026
- Finish: 2027
- €200k staffing at ASTRON; €50k at NL eScience Center.

LoFAIR is a collaboration with the NL eScience Center to increase the accessibility of LOFAR data and software by:

- Making the LOFAR archive fully FAIR-compliant;
- Integrating LOFAR software with NLeSC's Research Software Directory.

Implementation details will depend on the success and timing of the VOLTRON funds.

# OSPREY



- Open Science NL Infrastructure funds
- Start: 2026
- Finish: 2020
- €1M staffing at ASTRON; €500k at University of Amsterdam.

OSPREY is a collaboration with the University of Amsterdam to bring an SRCNet-derived science platform to the Netherlands' scientific community, with use cases focused on radio and x-ray astronomy.

If VOLTRON is successful, this project will be an ideal complement. If VOLTRON is unsuccessful, this project will support a more limited form of LOFAR/SRCNet convergence.

# VOLTRON



- **Not yet funded**; news expected soon.
- NWO Large-Scale Research Infrastructure
- Start: 2027
- Finish: 2031
- €1.5M towards staffing at ASTRON, €1M at SURF, €1M infrastructure

VOLTRON is the counterpart to SYNAPSE, focusing on converging LOFAR Data Systems with SRCNet.

This project includes development effort at ASTRON, but also funds to support that effort and to set up the first versions of NL-SRC at SURF.

# MAESTRO-EU

- **Not yet funded**; just submitted.
- Horizon Europe (HORIZON-INFRA-2026-TECH-01-01)
- Start: 2027
- Finish: 2030
- €391k towards staffing at ASTRON

The project big-picture is development of a platform for agentic AI used in support of major research infrastructures.

Our role is to provide two use cases, one on radio astronomy data processing (in conjunction with SURF) and one on scheduling and QA.

# CHEER

- **Not yet funded**; just submitted
- Horizon Europe (HORIZON-INFRA-2026-01-DEV-03)
- Start: 2027
- Finish: 2030
- €123k towards staffing at ASTRON

Developing a policy framework for interoperable “ACDCs” (Astronomy Computing & Data Centres) across Europe.

ASTRON's role is very small — effectively acting as a consultant. LOFAR, SKAO are there too. JIVE has a bigger role.

# Question

- How do we best engage you in making this happen?