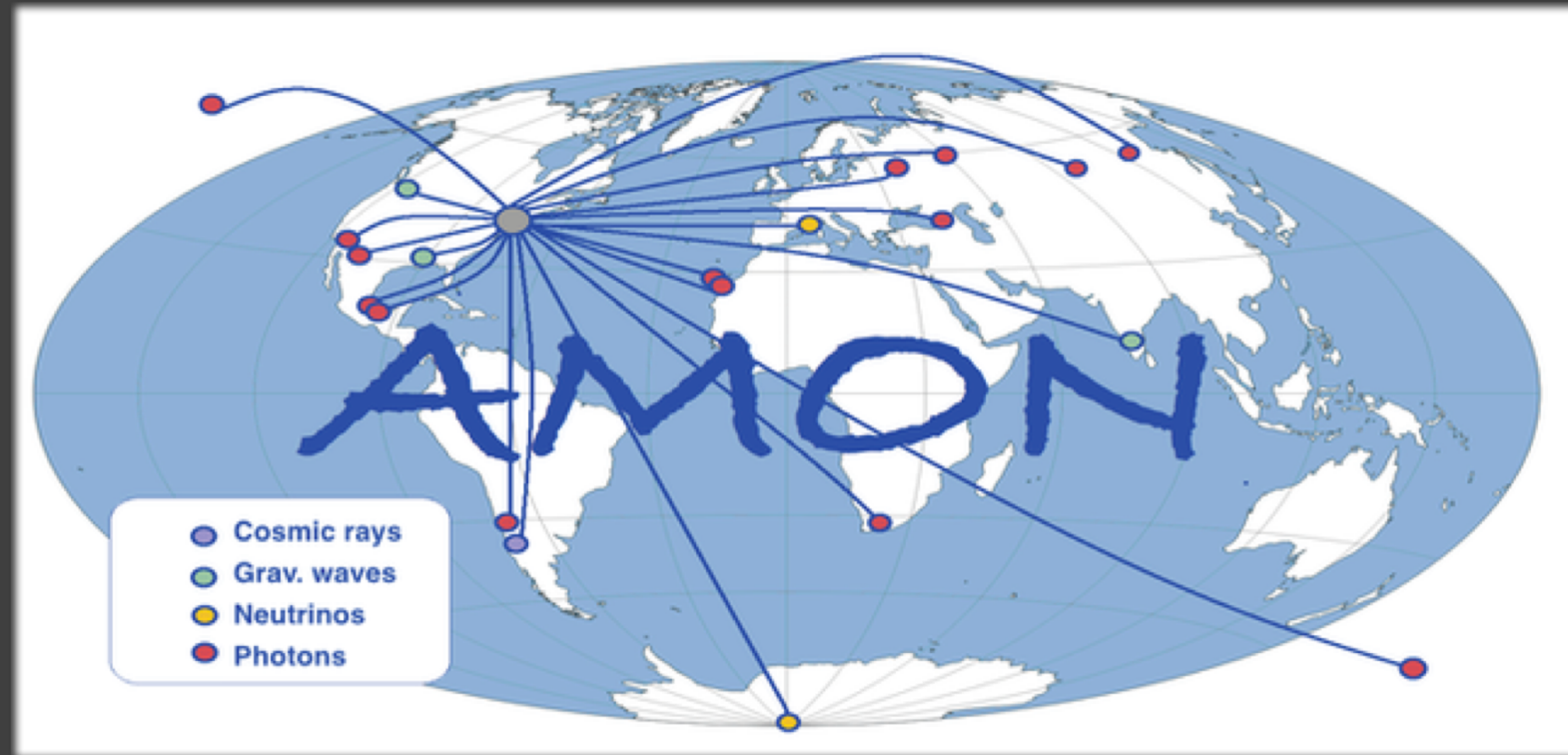


The Present and Future of Realtime Alerts from AMON



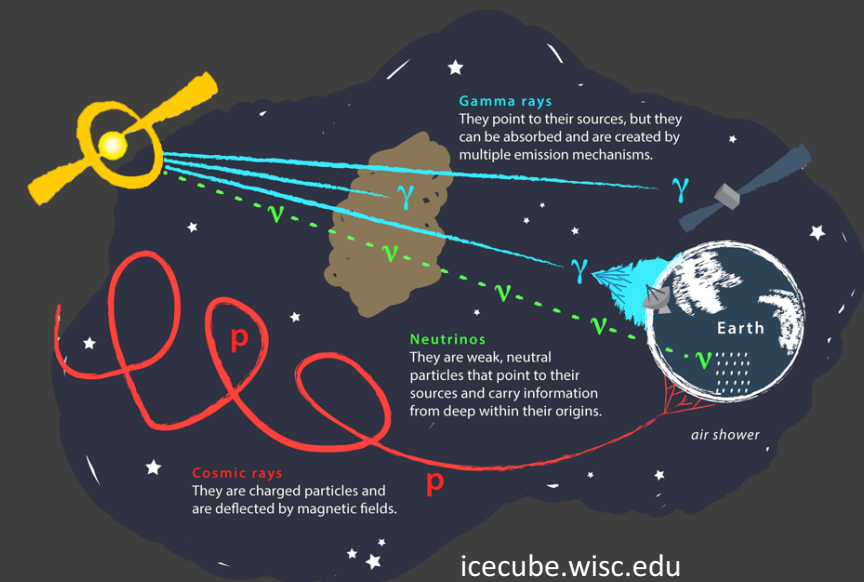
Azadeh Keivani
Penn State

Radio - γ -Ray:
Transient Alert Mechanism

Sept. 28, 2017

Multimessenger Astrophysics

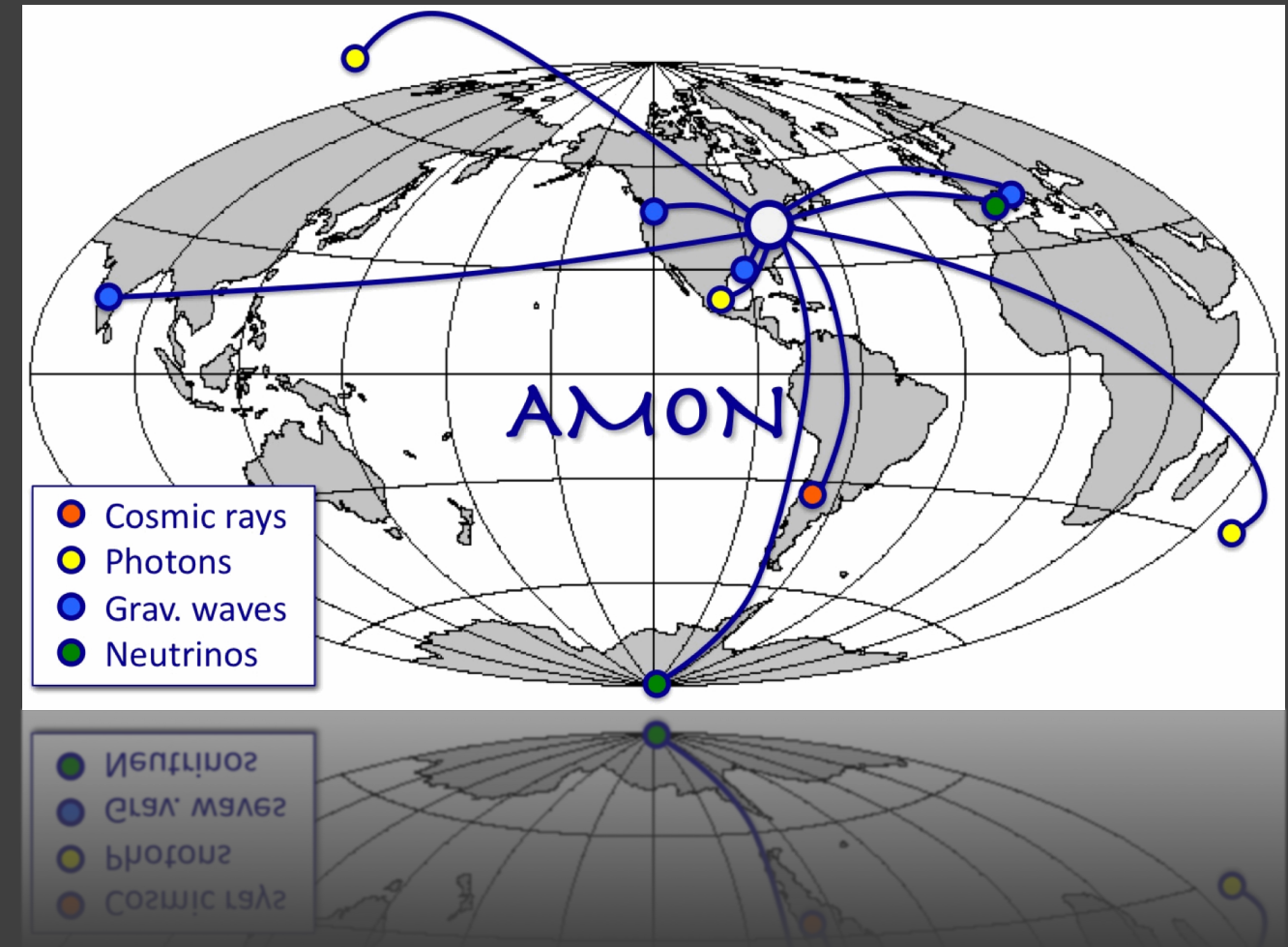
- ❖ Use the messenger particles of all four of nature's fundamental forces
- ❖ Explore the most violent phenomena in the universe



| Force | Messenger | Messenger Detected? | Source Identified | Multimessenger |
|---------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| EM | γ | ✓ | Loads | Sun, SN1987A |
| Weak | ν | ✓ | Twice | |
| Strong | p, nuclei | ✓ | No | No |
| Gravity | GW | ✓ | No | Probably |

Astrophysical Multi-messenger Observatory Network

- ❖ AMON links high-energy astrophysical observatories into a single virtual system.
- ❖ AMON framework enables:
 - Real-time sharing of sub-threshold data between multi-messenger observatories
 - Real-time and archival searches for coincident signals
 - Prompt distribution of electronic alerts for follow-up observations



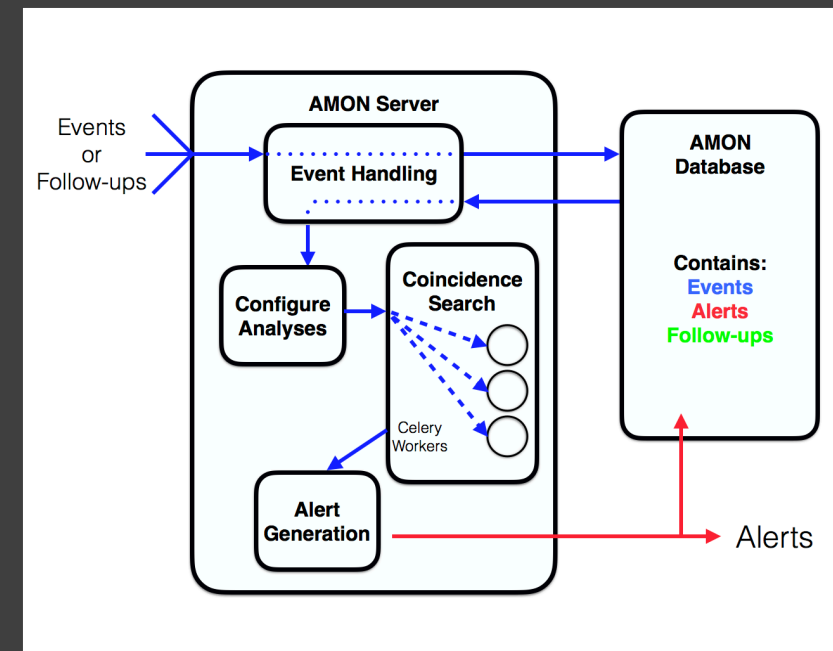
AMON Infrastructure

Application server

- Running stably since August 2014
 - Python/Twisted
 - Accepts HTTP POST requests
 - Open for authorized connections using TLS certificates
 - Tested with simulated and real clients
- Started issuing public AMON alerts using VOEvent format/protocol via GCN in April 2016

Hardware

- Two high-uptime servers
 - Deployed at Penn State
 - Physically and cyber secure
 - Fully redundant systems



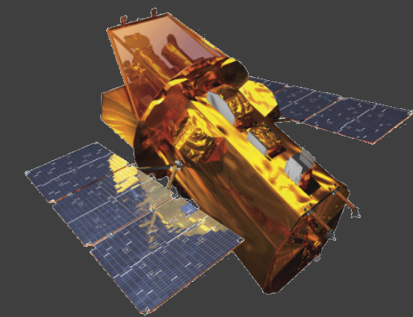
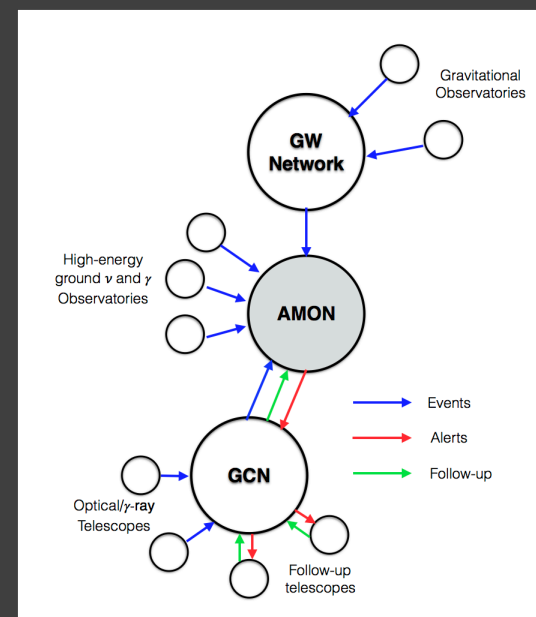
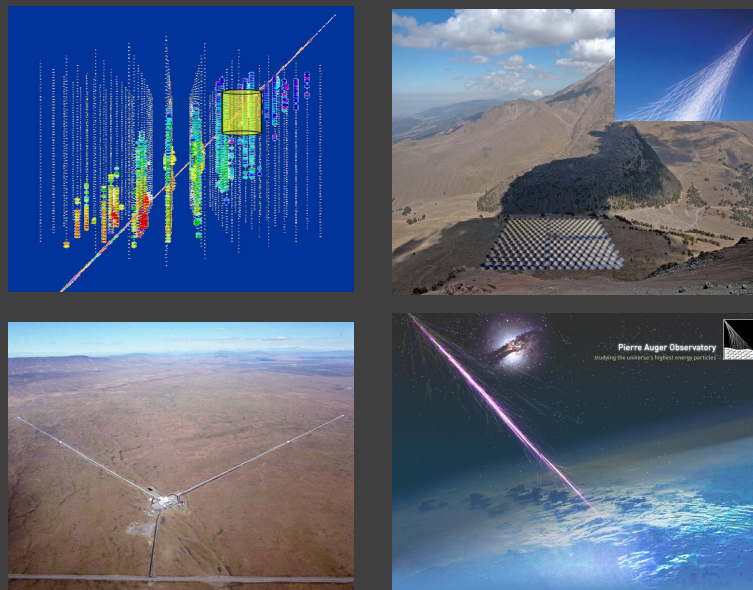
Network: Triggering and Follow-up

Triggering Observatories:

- Provide sub-threshold candidate events to AMON in real time
- They have large FOV and high duty cycles

Follow-up Observatories:

- Receive and respond to AMON alerts
- Provide afterglow or delayed feedback on potential multimessenger transients



Partner Observatories

| Partner Observatories | Stream content/format | TLS certificate | Test stream (fake data) | Test stream (real data scrambled) | Real data stream |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| IceCube singlet | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | In progress |
| IceCube HESE | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| IceCube EHE | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| IceCube OFU | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| ANTARES | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Pierre Auger | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | In progress |
| FACT | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | In progress |
| HAWC | ✓ | ✓ | In progress | | |
| VERITAS | In progress | | | | |
| Swift BAT | ✓ | Not needed | Not needed | Not needed | ✓ |
| Fermi LAT | ✓ | Not needed | Not needed | Not needed | ✓ |

Current Real-Time Alerts

Started issuing “pass-through” alerts of significant IceCube track-like events in April 2016

- Sent via connection to GCN (thanks to Scott Barthelmy)
- Public Alerts (receivable by all)
 - High Energy Starting Events (HESE)
 - Extremely High Energy (EHE)
- AMON GCN page
<https://gcn.gsfc.nasa.gov/gcn/amon.html>

| Stream | HESE | EHE | Multiplets |
|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Description | Starting tracks | Very high energy through going tracks | ~1TeV multiple tracks |
| Angular Error | > 0.4° | > 0.2° | ~0.5° |
| Rate | ~ 4/year | ~ 4 - 6 / year | ~ 2-6 / year |

“The IceCube Realtime Alert System”, *Astroparticle Physics*, 92, 30-41 (2017)

See Anna’s talk

Follow-up Campaigns

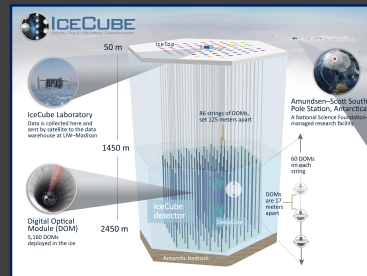
Follow-up campaigns of some of the IceCube high-energy ν 's performed in 2016:

| Alert name/type | 161103/HESE | 160814A/HESE | 160806A/EHE | 160731A/HESE | 160731A/EHE | 160427A/HESE |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| RA/DEC (rev1) RA/DEC (rev2) | [40.87°, 12.62°] [40.83°, 12.56°] | [199.31°, -32.02°] [200.25°, -32.35°] | [122.80°, -0.73°] [122.81°, -0.81°] | [215.11°, -0.46°] [214.54°, -0.33°] | [215.09°, -0.42°] [214.54°, -0.33°] | [239.66°, +6.85°] [240.57°, +9.34°] |
| Resolution | 0.42° (50%), 1.23° (90%) 0.65° (50%), 1.10° (90%) | 0.48° (50%), 1.49° (90%) | 0.11° (50%) | 0.42° (50%), 1.23° (90%) 0.35° (50%), 0.75° (90%) | 0.17° (50%), 0.8° (90%) 0.35° (50%), 0.75° (90%) | 1.6° (50%), 8.9° (90%) 0.6° (90%) |
| ST or Signalness | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.28 | 0.91 | 0.85 | 0.92 |
| Latency: Event t0 to GCN alert sending | 40 s | 42 s | 37 s | 41 s | 54 s | 81 s |
| Followups | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|---------|
| AGILE | Fermi LAT | IPN | MASTER | Swift |
| ANTARES | HAWC | Konus-Wind | Maxi/GSC | VERITAS |
| FACT | H.E.S.S. | LCOGT | Pan-STARRS | CALET |
| Fermi GBM | INTEGRAL | MAGIC | PTF | |

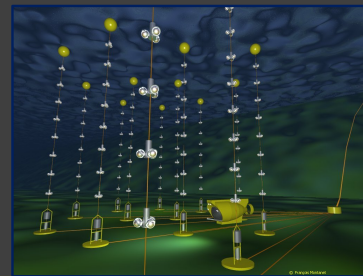
New Real-Time Alerts: Coming Soon

Real-Time γ - ν coincident alerts

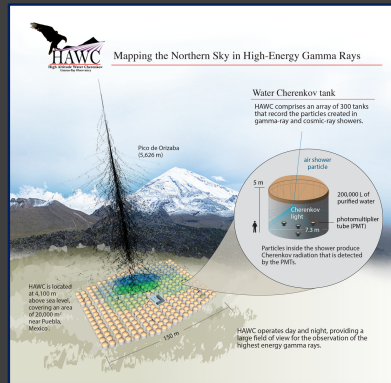


IceCube

Neutrinos
GeV - PeV



ANTARES



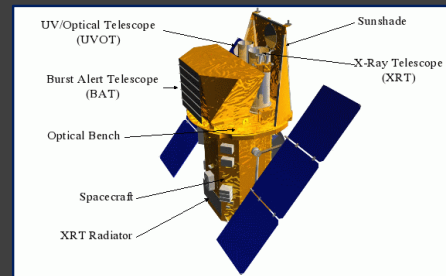
HAWC
TeV



FACT
100 GeV – 10 TeV



Fermi
MeV – GeV



Swift BAT
15 - 150 KeV

- AMON infrastructure ready to go
 - “Pass-through” alerts successfully brokered
 - Preliminary analyses running in real-time on scrambled/fake data
- What needs to happen
 - Cross-collaboration tuning and approval of analyses
 - Pull the “un-scramble” lever

IceCube Sub-Threshold Data

| Data proposed for AMON | Through-Going Tracks |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| FOV | All Sky |
| Position Error | $\sim 1^\circ$ |
| Rate | 100's/day |
| Latency | ~ 1 min |

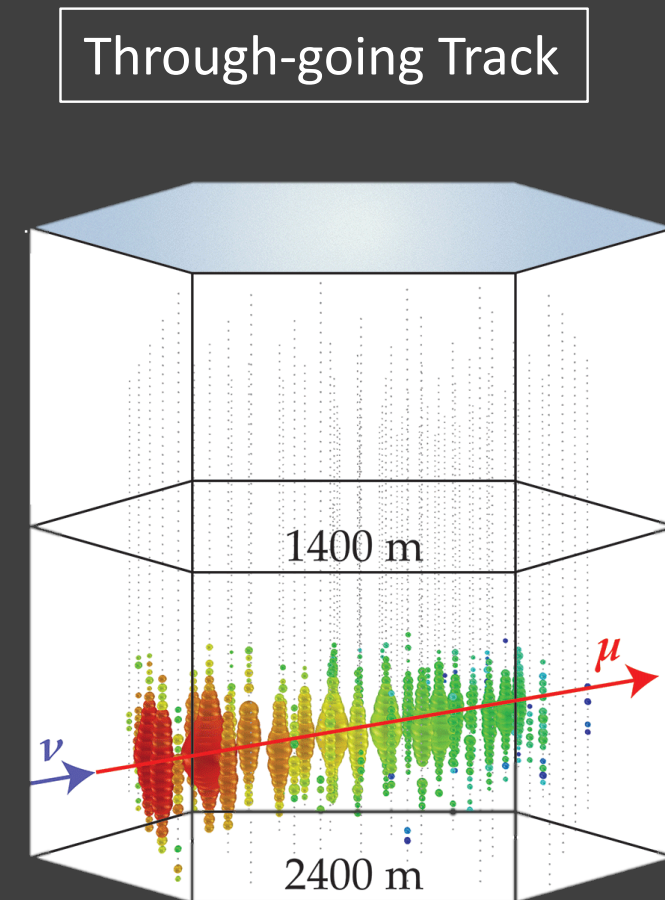
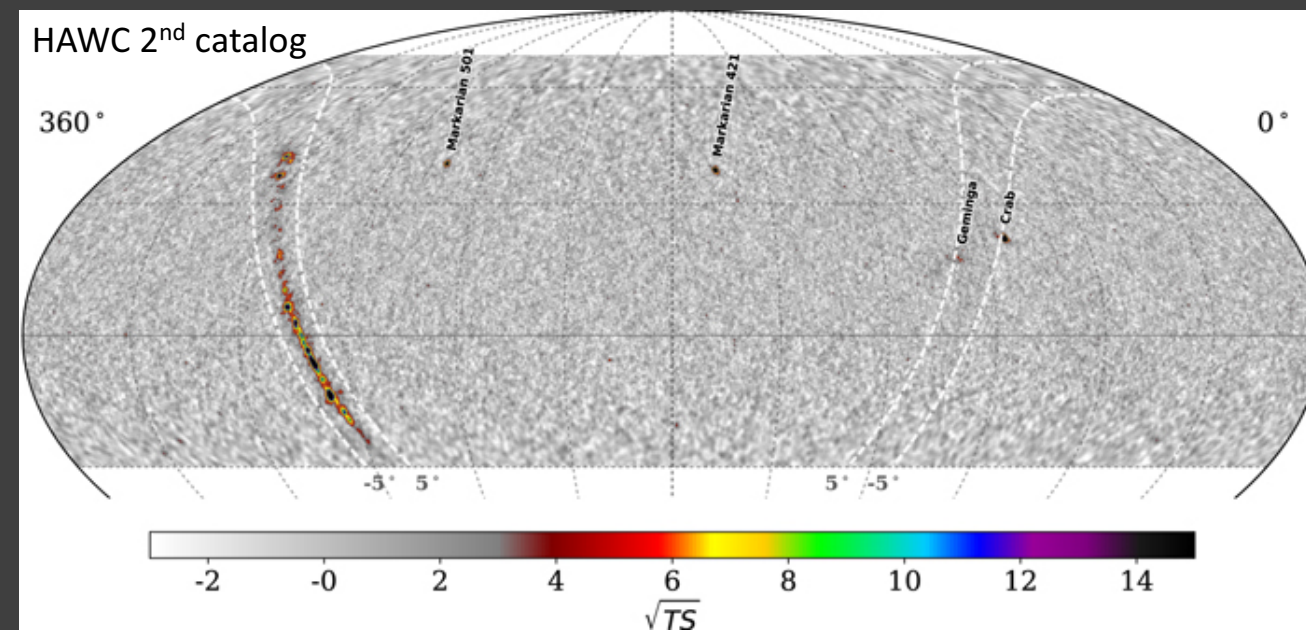


Illustration: APS/Joan Tycko; Neutrino event: IceCube

HAWC Hotspots

| Data proposed for AMON | Sub-threshold signals in daily maps of TeV γ 's |
|------------------------|--|
| FOV | $\sim 15\%$ sky |
| Position Error | $\sim 0.1^\circ$ |
| Rate | 100's/day |
| Latency | hours |



[AstrophysJ. 843 \(2017\) 1, 40](#)

HAWC daily maps
Duration 6-7 hours

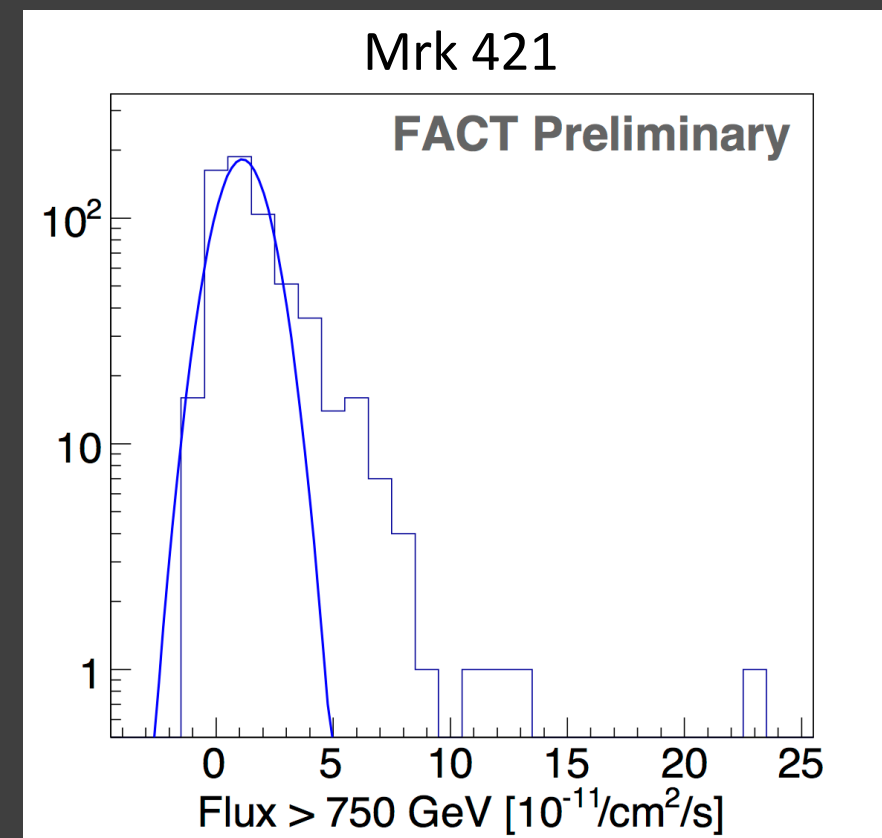
FACT Flares

| Data proposed for AMON | Tev γ -flares from a few bright sources in 20 minute bins |
|------------------------|--|
| FOV | Small |
| Position Error | Known locations |
| Rate | ? |
| Latency | ~ hour |

Excess Flux seen above “normal” flux in 20 minute bins

Defining a flare

Right of the Gaussian curve is considered a Flare

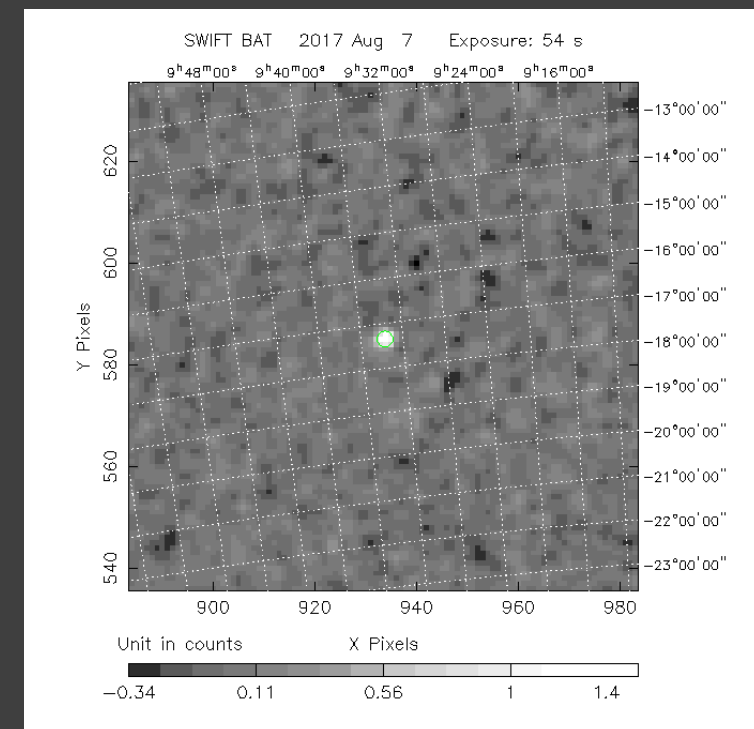


Credit: Daniela Dorner

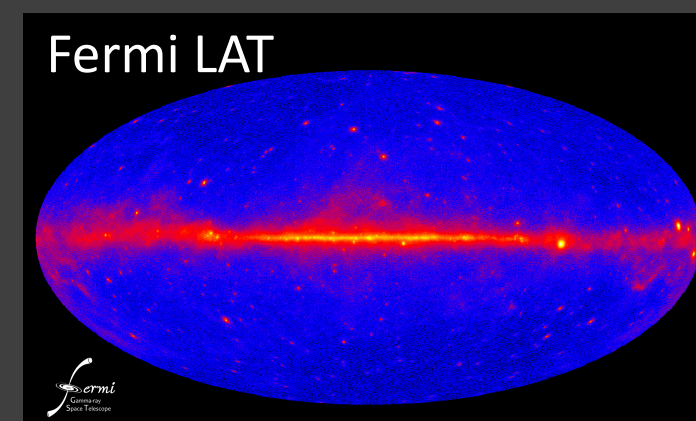
Swift BAT – Fermi LAT

GRB 170807A

| | Swift BAT | Fermi |
|------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Data proposed for AMON | Low significance peaks found in onboard created images | >100 MeV single γ 's |
| FOV | ~15% sky | ~15% sky |
| Position Error | ~ 4 arcminutes | ~ 0.1° - few° |
| Rate | 100's/day | ~ 10 ⁴ / day |
| Latency | hours | hours |

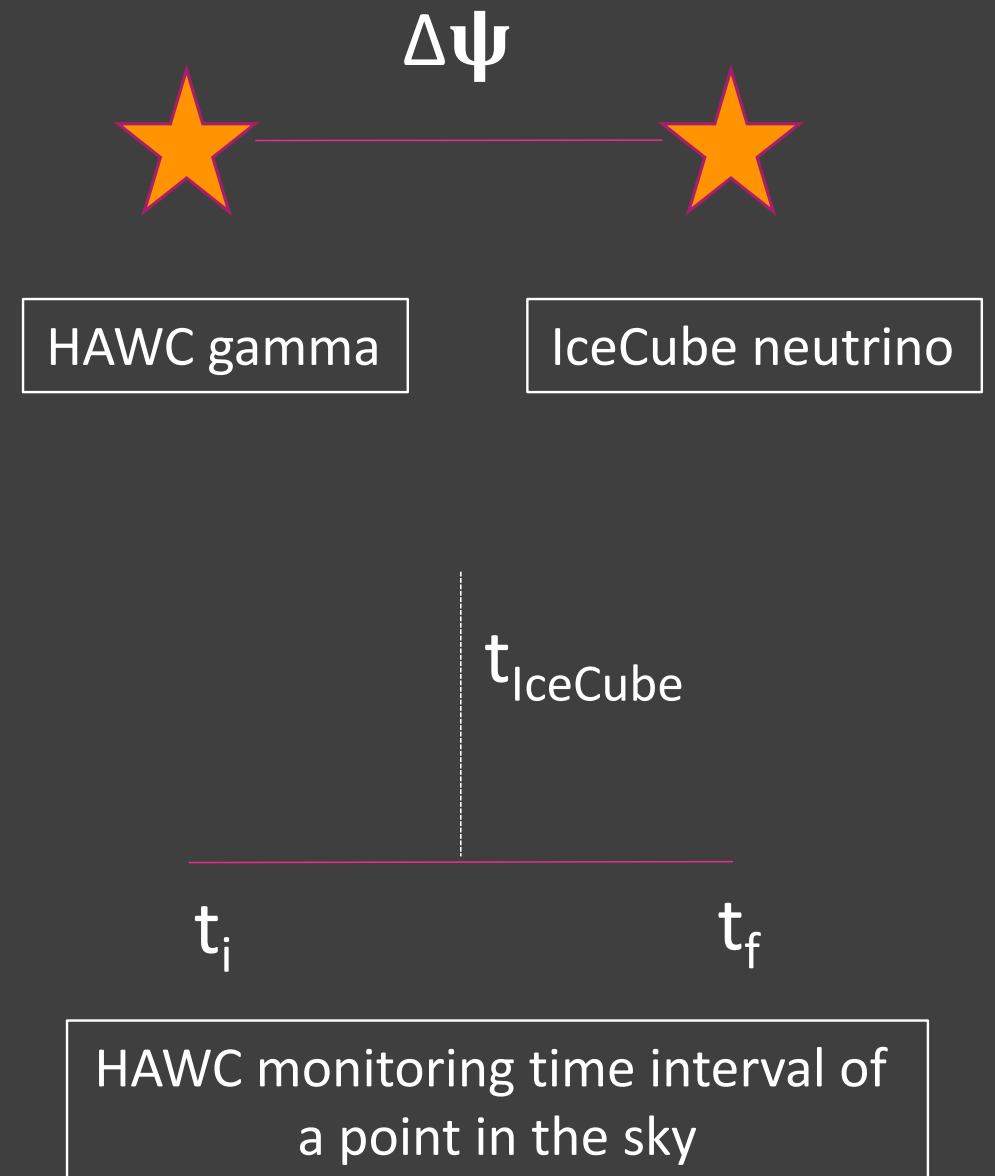


https://gc.nasa.gov/notices_s/766821/BA/



Example Correlation Analysis: IceCube-HAWC

- Spatial correlation: e. g. $\Delta\psi < 3.5^\circ$
- Temporal correlation: $t_i < t_{\text{IceCube}} < t_f$
- Define test statistic
- Study background and false positive rates
- Define threshold



AMON Prospects for Future Experiments

Neutrino:

- AMON currently receive real-time data from ANTARES and IceCube
- Future experiments
 - **KM3Net**
 - **IceCube-Gen2**
 - Better angular resolution
 - Broader energy range

Gamma-Ray:

- AMON currently receive data from and will soon send alerts to IACT community
- Interested in more connections (e.g. MAGIC)
- Future experiments
 - **CTA**
 - Join as both triggering and follow-up facility
 - Faster follow-up of AMON alerts (ν - γ)
 - Larger FOV \rightarrow suitable also for neutrino cascades

AMON Prospects for Future Experiments

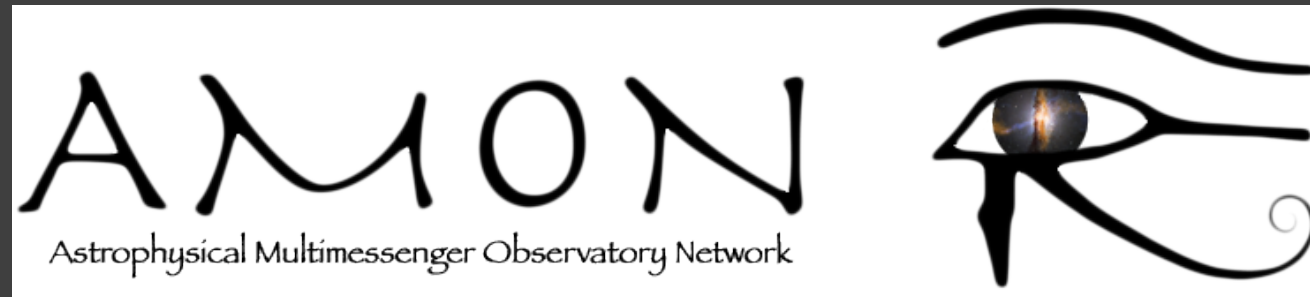
Radio:

- Interested in receiving **LOFAR** transients alerts (via “TraP”)
- Use in subthreshold multimessenger coincidence searches
- Send alerts to LOFAR for follow-up

Gravitational Waves:

- **LIGO** soon to be a triggering facility for AMON
- Final approval from LSC committee
- AMON will be a follow-up partner by O3
- Pipeline + archival analysis undergoing

Join AMON



- We're always interested in new partners to join AMON
- Feel free to contact us about joining, receiving alerts, analyses, etc.
- For info about AMON see: <https://sites.psu.edu/amon>